















How did SHAPE start?



1) Biosphere Reserves



- "sites of excellence to explore and demonstrate approaches to conservation and sustainable development on a regional scale"
- regional networks for information exchange, networking and support: EuroMAB and NordMAB
- 2) Interreg programmes Northern Periphery and Arctic Programme





- projects based on partnerships, emphasizing trans-national learning







SHAPE: the elements



- SHA
 - Sustainable Heritage Areas: Biosphere Reserves, Regional Parks
- Partnerships
 - Local/regional and transnational
- Ecotourism
 - Creating 'virtuous circles' between
 - people working in tourism
 - people responsible for cultural and natural heritage







The project(s)



- Preparatory project
 - November 2015 April 2016
- Main project
 - Proposal submitted: November 2016
 - Approved: March 2017
 - Implementation: May 2017 April 2020







Aim



To enable authorities, businesses and communities to develop innovative approaches

for ecotourism initiatives

in sustainable heritage areas

which preserve, manage and create economic value from local assets

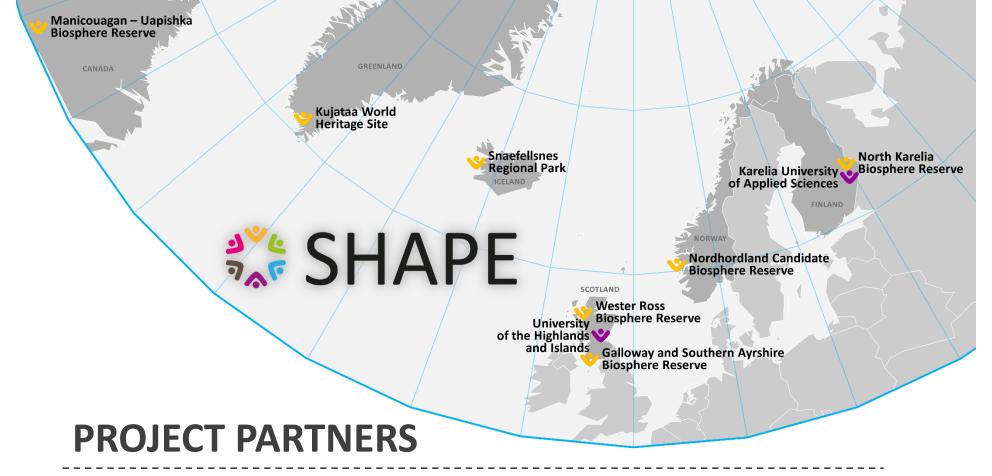
in the Arctic region in an era of rapid change

- develop practical solutions
- gather these experiences
- make them available to others









8 PARTNERS:

6 Sustainable Heritage Areas

2 Universities

33 ASSOCIATED PARTNERS:

Canada, Faroes, Finland, Greenland, Iceland, Ireland, Northern Ireland, Norway, Sweden







Addressing common challenges

- Limited employment opportunities
- Low pay
- Lack of infrastructure
- Outward migration of young people
- Sparse population
- Climate change

- Low visibility/lack of visitors
- Too many visitors
- Lack of knowledge
- Poor connectivity







Identifying opportunities based on natural and

cultural assets













Learning from transnational experiences













PARTNERSHIPS APPROACH



1) BUILD PARTNERSHIPS AND IDENTIFY COMMON PRIORITIES

- Stakeholder engagement
- Participatory approaches
- Mapping of assets
- Identifying innovative initiatives











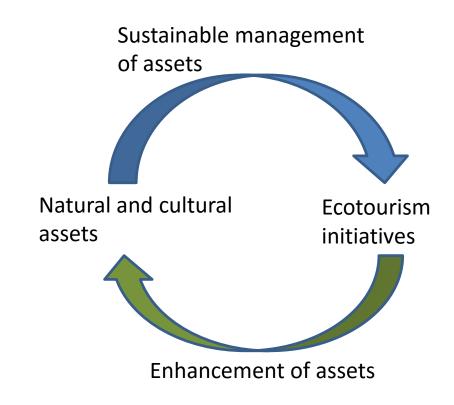


PARTNERSHIPS APPROACH



2) DEVELOP AND TEST ECOTOURISM INITIATIVES

- Address local challenges
- Create virtuous circles from tourism to maintenance of natural & cultural heritage and community identity
- Build on existing activities
- Strengthen stakeholder partnerships









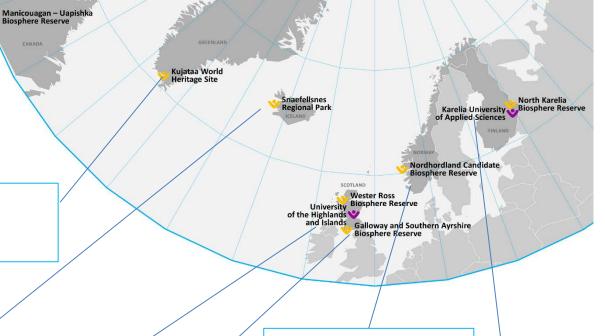
ECOTOURISM INITIATIVES IN DEVELOPMENT

- Great North Circuit
- Indigenous ecotourism

The Camino of South Greenland (trails and local products)

Snæfellsnes visitor centre to promote responsible tourism Coastal trails

Destination management plan for Biosphere



The Wool Heritage Route

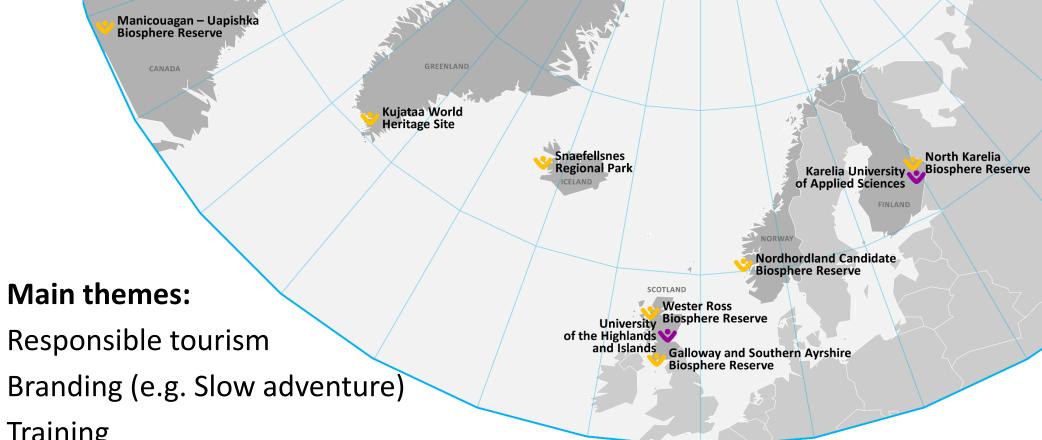
Biosphere experience heritage trails - stories
connected to the land
Guide training programme
(focused on local people)

Koitajoki Nature Triathlon









- Training
- Local products (e.g. wool)
- Creating trails that link cultural and natural assets
- Destination management planning









PARTNERSHIPS APPROACH



Centre for

Mountain Studies

Perth College

3) IDENTIFY AND SHARE BEST PRACTICES







Learning Journeys















Transnational e-service

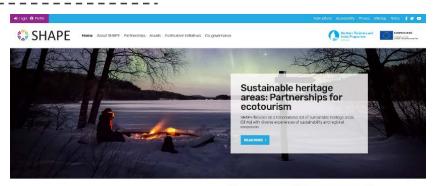


- Open-access platform for stakeholders to
 - transfer knowledge
 - share good practices and product/service development tools,
 - implement joint development projects
- Jointly developed (partners, stakeholders / endusers)
- Resource bank
- Future training portal?

















Joint development forum

Karelia University of Applied



Governance of SHAs



Essential basis for all activities

Many different models and experiences

Comparative analysis report: see shapingecotourism.eu

Decision-making tool

- Legitimacy
- Resilience
- Efficiency and effectiveness
- Resources for management

Workshop tomorrow: outcomes on shapingecotourism.eu

















Learning from transnational experience





















